Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Administrative Law

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Compulsory Course Code: 501

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To expose students to basic concepts and principles of Administrative Law,
- To help them understand the role of Administrative Law in promotion of rule of law and good governance, and
- To let them know about processes and procedures of Quasi Judicial Bodies.

Contents

Unit-1 Introduction

- I. Meaning and Definition of Administrative Law
- II. Nature, Scope and Sources of Administrative Law
- III. Importance of Administrative Law

Unit- 2 Development of Administrative Law

- I. Development of Administrative Law
- II. Rule of Law
- III. Separation of Power and Check and Balance

Unit- 3 Classification of Administrative Power

- I. Legislative Power
- II. Administrative Power
- III. Judicial/Quasi Judicial Power

Unit- 4 Delegated Legislation

- I. Definition and Scope of Delegated Legislation
- II. Forms of Delegated Legislation
- III. Limitation on Delegated Legislation
- IV. Sub Delegation

Unit-5 Control of Delegated Legislation

- I. Reason for Control
- II. Constitutional and Parliamentary Control

Unit- 6 Administrative Discretion

Unit-7 Quasi Judicial Bodies and Their Procedure

- I. Quasi Judicial Bodies (Administrative Court, Revenue Tribunal, District Administrative Office, Local Authorities, Others)
- II. Structure and Procedure of Quasi Judicial Bodies
- III. Control over the Administrative Adjudication

Unit-8 Principles of Natural Justice

- I. Meaning and Scope of Natural Justice
- II. Limbs of Natural Justice
- III. Nemo Judex in Causa Sua
- IV. Audi Alteram Partem
- V. Due Process

Unit- 9 Ombudsman

- I. Introduction of Ombudsman
- II. Authority of Ombudsman
- III. Complaints Handling
- IV. Investigation and Decission
- V. Concept of Commission for Investigation of Abuse of Authority

Unit- 10 Role of the Supreme Court in Development of Administrative Law in Nepal Recommended Books

- 1. A.V. Dicey, An Introduction to the Law of the constitution, 10th Edition, Publication by Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- 2. Civil Service Act and Regulations
- 3. Commission of the Investigation of Abuse of Authority Act, 2048
- 4. D.D.Basu, Comparative Administrative Law, 19th ed., 2006, Wadhwa & Company
- 5. Edwin Borchard, French Administrative Law, Yale Law School Legal Scholarship Repository, Yale Law School
- 6. Edward L. Metzler, The Growth and Development of Administrative Law, Marquette Law Review (1935)
- 7. Hailaire Barnett, Constitutional and Administrative Law (2002)
- 8. Income Tax Act and Regulations
- 9. Judicial Administrative Act
- 10. Keshav Pandey, Administrative Law, Second Edition, 2056, Pub. by Ramesh Silwal.
- 11. Local Administrative Act and Regulations
- 12. Local Self Governance Act and Regulations, 2055/56
- 13. M.P. Jain & S.N. Jain, Principles of Administrative Law, Wadhwa and Company, Naypur, 4th Edition, Reprint, 2003
- 14. Mangal Krishna Shrestha, Public Administrative in Nepal
- 15. Panl Jackson & Patricia Leopold Constitutional & Administrative Law 8th ed. 2001, Sweet & Maxwell
- 16. Research Report on Counter Corruption Legal Framework, CeLRRd/TAF 2000.
- 17. W.R. Wade & C.F. Forsyth, Administrative Law, 9th edition Publication by Oxford University Press, Delhi
- 18. The Constitution of Nepal (2015)
- 19. Muluki Criminal (Code) Act, 2074 & Muluki Criminal Procedure (Code) Act, 2074
- 20. Muluki Civil (Code) Act, 2074 & Muluki Civil Procedure (Code) Act, 2074

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Public International Law

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Compulsory Course Code: 502

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To provide basic knowledge of Public International Law to the students,
- To provide an understanding to them on Public International Law, particularly its fundamental principles, rules and norms, and
- To enable them to make critical analysis of Public International Law Jurisprudence.

Contents

Unit-1 Introduction

- I. Meaning, Origin and Importance of International Law
- II. Basis of International Law
- III. Major Schools in International Law
- IV. International Law and Municipal Law
- V. Public and Private International Law

Unit-2 Sources of International Law

- I. Treaties
- II. Custom
- III. General Principal of Law
- IV. Judicial Reason
- V. Resolution adopted by International Organization

Unit- 3 Subjects of International Law

- I. State
- II. Concept of State and Sovereignty
- III. Modes of Acquiring and losing state Territory
- IV. International Institutions/Organizations
- V. Individuals (Position of Individual in International Law)
- VI. Private Corporations/ MNCS/MNEs

Unit- 4 Recognition

- I. Nature of Recognition
- II. Recognition of Government and State
- III. Effects of recognition and non-recognition
- IV. De facto and De Jure Recognition

Unit-5 Nationality

I. Importance and Function

- II. Modes of Acquiring and losing Nationality
- III. Internal Displacement of Refugees
- IV. Statelessness/Migration/IDPs/Refugees
- V. Double Nationality

Asylum

- Meaning and Function
- Types
- Rights
- Obligation and State of refugees extradition

Extradition

Unit- 6 Immunities and Privilege

- I. Diplomatic Immunities
- II. Consular Immunities
- III. Immunities of Special Missions
- IV. Immunities of Foreign State
- V. Privilege of International Organization
- VI. Limitation of Immunities

Unit-7 State Succession

- Theory of State Succession
- II. Succession of State
- III. Succession of Government
- IV. Succession of International Organization

Unit-8 Treaties

- I. Meaning and Importance of Treaties
- II. Types of Treaties
- III. Reservation of Treaties
- IV. Condition of Treaties
- V. Pacta Sunt Servanda
- VI. eRebus Sic Stantibus
- VII. Interpretation of Treaties
- VIII. Termination of Treaties
- IX. Effects of war on Treaties
- X. Treaty making power under the Constitution of Nepal and Nepal Treaty Act, 2047

Unit- 9 Law of Sea

- I. Concept of the Law of the Sea
- II. Legal Status of various maritime zone
- III. International Seabed Authority
- IV. Landlocked States and Their Rights
- V. Nepal's Situation and its Efforts in International Forum

Unit- 10 Settlement of International Dispute

- I. Meaning and Types of Dispute
- II. Traditional or Coercive means of Settlement of Disputes
- III. Various Forms of Settlement of Dispute

Unit- 11 Use of Force and War

- Meaning of War and Just war
- II. Legality of War and Use of Force
- III. Regulation of war, Commencement and effects of war
- IV. Defense of Aggression
- V. Termination of war and Hostilities

Unit-12 International Humanitarian Law

- Meaning and Principles of IHL
- II. Sources of IHL
- III. Neutrality in War
- IV. Prisoners of war, war crimes

Recommended Books

- 1. A. Cassese, International Law (Oxford: OUP 2001).
- 2. D. B. Hollis, ed., The Oxford Guide to Treaties, (Oxford: OUP 2012).
- 3. Harris, Cases and Materials on International Law (7th edn, 2010)
- 4. James Crawford, Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law, (Oxford: OUP 2012).
- 5. Lori F. Damrosch eds., International Law, Cases and Materials (New York: West Publishing 2001).
- 6. M. Evans (ed), International Law (Oxford: OUP 2010).
- 7. Malcolm N Shaw, International Law, (Cambridge: CUP 2008)
- 8. Rosenne, The Law and Practice of the International Court, 1920-2005 (2006).
- 9. W. M. Reisman, *Systems of Control in International Adjudication and Arbitration. Breakdown and Repair.* (1992).
- 10. Zimmermann et al, The Statute of the International Court of Justice: A Commentary (2006).
- 11. KC Yadav Kumar, Refugee Law: Theory and praxis A Nepalese Perspective, Pairavi Prakashan, 1st ed 2016, Kathmandu
- 12. KC Yadav Kumar, International Law: Theory and praxis, Pairavi Prakashan, 1st ed 2016, Kathmandu

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B

Subject: International Organizations and Human Rights

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Compulsory Course code: 503

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To Impart general knowledge to students about types, functions, powers and responsibilities of various international organizations.
- To expose students to contribution of international organization in modern law making process as well as to maintain current international order
- To Familiarize the students with concepts and principles of human rights law.
- To discourse the normative framework of human rights mainly developed out world wars
- To help develop capacity of students to conduct comparative study of domestic laws in the light of international human rights laws, and
- To help students build capacity to apply international human rights instruments in the domestic situation with special reference to poor and marginalized communities.

Unit-1 Introduction

- I. Meaning, Definition and Scope of International Organization
- II. Classification of International Organization
- III. Role and Importance of International Organization
- IV. Origin and Development of IO

Unit-2 The United Nations

- I. Historical Background
- II. Purpose and Principles
- III. Membership
- IV. Organs of the UN

Unit- 3 International Court of Justice

- I. Background
- II. Composition
- III. Access the Court
- IV. Jurisdiction of the Court
- V. Important Cases Decided by the ICJ (The Corfu Channel Case, Fisheries Case, Nottebohm Case)

Unit- 4 Major Specialized Agencies of the UN

 Composition, Function and Contributions of the UNESCO, ILO, IMF, World Bank, ICAO, WHO, UNDP, OHCHR, UNICEF.

Unit- 5 Outline of some Regional Organizations

I. Composition, Function and Contributions of ESCAP, ADB, ASEAN, SAARC, EU, AU, BIMSTEC

Unit-6 Introduction to Human Rights

- I. Historical Prescriptive
- II. Emergence of Human Rights on a subject of National and International rules of Law

Unit-7 International Protection of Injury to Aliens

- Denial of Justice and International Responsibility
- II. Violation of HR and International Responsibility

Unit-8 Humanitarian Intervention

- I. Rescue Operation
- II. UN Charter

Unit- 9 Rights relating to members of Vulnerable group

- I. Rights of Children
- II. Prevention of discrimination and protection of minorities
- III. The advancement of Women
- IV. UN, High Commission for Refugees

Unit- 10 International Instrument Concerned with Human Rights

- I. The UN Charter
- II. Universal Declaration of Human Right (UDHR 1948)
- III. International Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Racial Discrimination
- IV. International Convention on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
- V. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel in Human or Degrading Treatment or Punishment

Unit- 11 National and International Arrangements on Human Rights

- European Convention on HR
- II. The American Convention on HR
- III. The African Convention on HR
- IV. Consideration for Asian Convention and SAARC
- V. National Human Rights Commission (Nepal)

Recommended Books

- 1. Alvin LeRoy Benett and James K. Oliver, *International Organizations: Principles and Issues*, Prince Hall, 2002
- 2. Asbjorn Eide et al (Edited) "Economic Social and Cultural Rights" Second Revised Edition, (Kluwar Law International, 2001)
- 3. Clive Archer, International Organizations, Routledge, 2007
- 4. Devraj Dahal and Nischal Nath Pandy, Comprehensive Security in South Asia FEE and IFA 2006
- 5. Dr. H. O. Agarwal, "International Law and Human Rights" (13th edition), Central Law Publications, Delhi, 2006)
- 6. Gudmunder Alfredsson and Asbjorn Eide. (edited), " *The Universal Declaration of Human Rights"* [Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 1999]

- 7. Human Rights and *Development*, Edited by Dr. Mizanur Rahman (Published by ELCOP, 2002)
- 8. *Human Rights in International Law* (Council of Europe Publishing (Universal law Publishing Co. (3rd Edition, 2007, 1st Indian Reprint 2009)
- 9. Janusz Symonides (edited) "Human Rights Concept and Standards", [UNESCO publishing, Rawat Publications, 2002]
- 10. James and Wolfs, *An Introduction to International Relations*, Institute of Foreign Affairs (IFA), Kathmandu Nepal.
- 11. Kumar Ignam, An Introduction to World Trade Organizations, Kathmandu School of Law, 2009.
- 12. Mahendra P. Singh, Helmut Goerlich, Michael von Hauff, "Human Rights and Basic Needs" (Universal law Publishing Co., 2008)
- 13. MV Raju, "HUMAN RIGHTS Today and Tomorrow Role of Human rights Commission and Others") Swastik Publications, Delhi, 2010
- 14. Niamh Relly, "Women's Human Rights", (Polity Press, Cambridge, UK, 2009)
- 15. Philip Alston and Mary Robinson, "Human rights and Development Towards Mutual Reinforcement", (Indian edition), Oxford University Press, 2006)
- 16. Rahul Rai, Monitoring International Human Rights, [Authors Press, 2002]
- 17. Sandra Fredman (edited by), "Discrimination and Human Rights": The Case of Racism (Vol.XI/1), [Academy of Oxford University press, 2001]
- 18. Steven Foster, "The Judiciary, Civil Liberties and Human Rights", Edinburgh University Press, 2006
- 19. Upendra Baxi, "The future of Human Rights", [Oxford Publication, Second Ed. 2006]
- 20. V.T. Patil, "Human Rights Development in South Asia", [Authors Press, 2003)
- 21. Yubaraj Sangroula, "Concepts and Evolution of Human Rights: Nepalese Perspectives" [KSL, 2005]
- 22. Wermer J Feild, Robert S. Jordan and Leon Hurwitz; *International Organizations: A Comparative Approach*

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B

Subject: Professional Ethics and Advocacy

Full Marks: 50 Pass Marks: 18

Year: III

Nature: Compulsory Course code: 504

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To introduce students with fundamental concepts and principles of legal professional ethics,
- To help them develop ethical professionalism,
- To prepare them take up legal profession in a professional manner, and
- To strengthen the ethical standard of legal profession in Nepal.

Contents

Unit-1 Introduction

- I. Meaning and Definition of Professional Ethics and Advocacy
- II. Concept of Professional Ethics
- III. Basic Principles of Professional Ethics

Unit- 2 Professional Ethics

- Professional Responsibility of Lawyers towards Clint, Opposite party, Court, Society and State
- II. Bar-Bench relations
- III. Professional Ethics under the Existing Laws in Nepal
- IV. Investigation and other Disciplinary Action on the violation of Professional Ethics in Nepal
- V. Critical Appraisals of Ethics

Unit- 3 Drafting, Pleading and Convincing Skills in Nepal

- I. General Principles of Legislative Drafting and Case Drafting
- II. Skills of Case Drafting (Civil and Criminal)
- III. Legal Obligation regarding to the Case Drafting
- IV. Court Pleading skills both Civil and Criminal Cases
- V. Convincing to the Different types of Case and Deed

Unit- 4 Advocacy Skills

- I. Concept and Skills of Advocacy
- II. Communication Skills for Lawyers
 - General Presentation
 - Client Interviewing and Advising
 - Negotiation and Oral Arguments
 - Examination of Witnesses

III. Trial Advocacy Skill

- Case Oriented Legal Research
- Case Preparation
- Organization of Arguments

Unit- 5 Public Interest and Legal Aid

- IV. Public Interest Layering
- V. Legal Aid
- VI. Legal Literacy
- VII. Para-legal Service
- VIII. Notary Public

Unit- 6 Judicial Conduct for Lawyers

References:

- 1. Gillers, Regulation of Lawyers: Problems of Law and Ethics; 5th Ed. Aspen 1998.
- 2. John S. Dzienkowski, Professional Representation Standard, Rules and Statements, West Publishing Com., (1995-96)
- 3. Crystal, Introduction to Professional Responsibility, Aspen 1998.
- 4. Freedman, Understanding Ethics, Mathew Bender 1990.
- 5. D.S.R. Maynerhi, Legal Research Methodology. 1997 Pioneer.Books
- 6. Legal, (Legal Research, (Collection of Articles) 1985, Indian Law Institute.
- 7. Wolfram, Modern Legal Ethics, West, 1986.
- 8. Elizabeth Dvorkin, Jack Himmelstein & Howard Lesnick, Becoming a Lawyer: A Humanistic Perspective on Legal Education and Professionalism. 1981, West Publishing Company.
- 9. Constitution of the International Bar Association.
- 10. Constitution of the Law Asia.
- 11. Constitution of SAARC Law.
- 12. Nepal Bar Council Act and Regulations, 2051
- 13. V.K.V. Krishna Swami Aiyer, Professional Conducts and Advocacy.
- 14. Hahn & Elizabeth A. Stanko, Judge, Lawyer, Victim and Thief, Northeastern Nicole University Press (DATE)
- 15. H.R. Bhardwaj, Law, Lawyers and Judges, Konark Publishers

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Seminar and Internship

Full Marks: 50 Pass Marks: 25

Year: III

Nature: Compulsory Course code: 505

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- The subject has two different components. The students will have to take up one of the subject as permitted by the Campus.
- The objective of the Seminar paper is to enable students to undertake a research on definite legal issues/topic approved by the Campus.
- The objective of the Internship is to acquaint students with practical knowledge in any area of law through internship.

Contents

1. Seminar:

- In the final year of Bachelors of Laws, students will undertake a research or prepare a paper on the topic approved by Campus.
- Students will firstly submit a proposal to the campus and the Campus will thereafter appoint the supervisor for supervising the students.
- The student should prepare a seminar paper in close consultation with the supervisor.
- The rules and requirements made by the Campus and its a obligatory one to the students

2. Internship:

The students will be placed before any reputed institution for Internship wherein the students will learn practical knowledge on topic approved by Campus. The student will submit a report of practical work on the recommendation of an institution for evolution. The Campus will conduct viva-voice on 30% full marks by three member committee appointed by Campus comprising of experts having at least 5 years of experience in the legal field with eligibility to teach law.

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Law against Organized Crime

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Optional (Criminal Law Group)

Course Code: 506

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To acquaint students about phenomenon of Organized Crimes in the world,
- To acquaint them on the existing legal provisions against Organized Crimes in Nepal, and
- To introduce them with international measures taken to combat Organized Crimes.

Contents

1. Introduction

- a. Definition of Organized Crimes
- b. Specific Features of Organized Crime
- c. Differences Between Crime Committed by an Individual and in an Organized Way
- d. Theory of Organized Crime

2. Types of Crime Committed in Organized Pattern (Transborder and Transnational Crime)

3. Dacoity/Robbery

4. Drug Trafficking

- a. Nature of Drug Trafficking
- b. Pattern and Trend of Drug Trafficking in Nepal
- c. International and Regional Arrangement on Prevention and Suppression of Drug Trafficking

5. Crime of Human Trafficking

- a. Introduction
- b. Causes and Purposes of Trafficking
- c. Problems and Severity of Crime of Trafficking of Girls and Women in Nepal
- d. Changing Trends of Crime of Trafficking
- e. Measure Taken to Combat the Crime of Trafficking.
 - National
 - International

6. Arms, Ammunition and Explosives

- a. Smuggling
- b. Factors / Causes
- c. National Legal Framework
- d. International and Regional Measures

7. Insurgency, Terrorism and Conflict

- a. Definition
- b. National and International Terrorism
- c. Forms (Hostage Taking, Kidnapping, Hijacking of Aircraft, and Others)
- d. National, Regional and International Measures

8. Money Laundering

- a. Definition
- b. National Measure to Control Money Laundering
- c. International Measure to Control Money Laundering.

9. Other Forms of Organized Crime

10. National and International Measures to Control Organized Crimes

- a. Enforcement Agencies (National)
- b. International Institutions
 - Interpole
 - Others
- c. Concept of Extradition and Nepalese Legal Framework.

Recommended Books

- 1. Ahmad Siddique Criminology: Problem and Prospective India: Easter Book Co. 4th ed, 1997
- 2. Barash, David P. & Charles P. Webal, (2002) Peace and Conflict Studies, New Delhi, Sage Publication.
- 3. Condemned to Exploitation: Impact of Corruption in Criminal Justice System on Women, 2000.
- 4. Graeme Newman (ed.), Global Report on Crime and Justice, New York,(1999) (Published for the United Nations Office for Drug Control and Crime Prevention Center for International Crime Prevention)
- 5. Larry J. Siegel, Ph.D. "Criminology" 7th edition.
- 6. Michael D. Lyman, Garyw Fotter 'Organied Crime', 1997
- 7. Prof. Dr. N.V. Paranjape "Criminology and Penology' Central Law Publication, 12th Edition
- 8. Prof. Dr. Yubaraj Sangroula, Condemned to Exploitation, Trafficking of Girls and Women, KSL, 2001.
- 9. Prof. Madhav P. Acharya Criminology, Kathmandu, Ratna Pustak Bhandar
- 10. Raid Sue Titus, Crime and Criminology, Mcgraw Hill 8th Edition.1999
- 11. Sutherland, Principles of Criminology,
- 12. V.K. Anand 1981 Insurgency and Counter Insurgency. A study of modern Guevilla Warfare, New Delhi, Delhi, Deep & Deep Publication.
- 13. Wallensteen, Understanding Conflict Resolution, War, Peace and the Global System, New Delhi Sage Publication.
- 14. Walter C. Reckless, The Crime Problem, Vikils, Feffer and Simons Private Ltd, India, 1st reprint 1971
- 15. Muluki Criminal (Code) Act, 2074 and Muluki Criminal Porcedure (Code) Act, 2074

Acts

- 1. Extradiction Act and Treaties
- 2. Human Trafficking (Control) Act, 2064 BS
- 3. Money Laundering (Control) Act, 2064 BS
- 4. Narcotic Drug (Control) Act, 2033 BS
- 5. Muluki Criminal (Code), Act, 2074
- Muluki Criminal Procedure (Code) Act, 2074

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Intellectual Property Law

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Optional (Commercial Law Group)

Course Code: 507

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To familiarize students with the concept of Intellectual Property,
- To examine various philosophical and policy considerations in relation to Intellectual Property rights,
- To help them identify and protect different forms of Intellectual Property.

Contents:

1. Introduction to the Intellectual Property

- a. Concept of Intellectual Property
- b. Importance of Intellectual Property
- c. Kinds of Intellectual Property
- d. Sources of Intellectual Property Law
- e. Historical Development of Intellectual Property in Nepal
- f. Concept of Intellectual Property in Nepalese Constitution

2. Concept of Copyright

- a. Concept
 - Concept & justification
 - Basic elements
 - Acquisition, Ownership: Economic & Moral right / Authorship & Ownership
 - · Assignment & Licensing
 - Fair dealing and permitted use
 - Infringement, Remedies and Defense
- b. Neighbouring Right
 - Performers' Right
 - Right of Sound Recording Companies & Phonogram Producers
 - Right of Broadcasting Organizations

3. Concept of Patent

- a. Concept and Justification of Patent
- b. Basic Elements
- c. Patent prosecution
- d. Acquisition, Ownership, Exception and Limitation; Assignment & Licensing
- e. Patent Revocation
- f. Infringement, Remedies & Defense

4. Concept of Trade Mark

- a. Concept; Justification and Major forms of Marks:
 - Trademark, Trade Name, Service Mark, Service Name, Certification Mark, Collective Mark, Associated Mark, Geographic Mark
- b. Basic Elements
- c. Acquisition of right
- d. Ownership; Assignment & Licensing
- e. Infringement Remedies and Defense
- f. Passing Off

5. Industrial Design

- a. Concept and Justification
- b. Basic Elements
- c. Acquisition of Rights
- d. Ownership & its limitation; Assignment and Licensing
- e. Infringement Remedies and Defense; Revocation
- f. Industrial Design Protection and its Relation with Copyright, Patent and Trademark

6. Other forms of Intellectual property

- a. Geographical Indication
- b. Trade Secret
- c. Layout Design of Integrated circuit
- d. Plant Varieties Protection
- 7. Traditional Knowledge Traditional Cultural Expression and Folklore and Intellectual Property

8. Enforcement Authority

a. Department of Industry, Copyright Registrar's Office, Custom Office, Court & Other Agencies

9. International Protection of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

- a. International IPR Regime
- b. Paris Convention, Berne Convention & WIPO
- c. Madrid System & TLT, CT
- d. Int'l protection of patent PCT, PTC.PLT
- e. Hague System
- f. GATT-WTO-TRIPS: Dispute settlement Mechanism
- g. Nepalese Position in Int'l IP Regime

Recommended Books

- 1. Black's Law Dictionary
- 2. Cetnerin Colston, Principles of Intellectual Property
- 3. Copyrights Act & Regulation
- 4. Franchis, W. Rushing, Carole Granz Brown, Intellectual Property Rights in Science, Technology and Economic Performance
- 5. Law Lexicon
- 6. P. Noreyanan, Intellectual Property Law
- 7. Patent Right Design and Trademark Act and Regulation
- 8. Raj Kumar Suwal, Intellectual Property Jurisprudence, 2011, CIPN (Coming Soon)
- 9. Raj Kumar Suwal, Patent Specification, 2008, CIPN
- 10. W.R. Cornish, Intellectual Property

Purbanchal University Faculty of Law Syllabus for Three Years LL.B Subject: Election Law

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 35

Year: III

Nature: Optional (Constitutional Law Group)

Course Code: 508

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- To impart knowledge to students about general principles of the law of election and the provision of constitution relating to election and electoral process, and
- To acquaint students with various laws relating to electoral process in Nepal.

Contents

1. Introduction

- a. Meaning and Importance of Election Law
- b. Nature of Election Law
- c. Basic Concept of the Multiparty Election and Parliament Election
- d. Historical Development of Election Law in Nepal
- e. Election System and Constitutionalism

2. Basic Concept

- a) Concept of Representation
- b) Adult Franchise
- c) Electoral College
- d) Electoral Constituencies
- e) Recalling representatives
- f) Voting Rights
- g) Threshold

3. Electoral System

- a) Basic concept of direct and indirect election
- b) Majority System and its types
- c) Proportional System and its types

5. Election to the elected bodies

- a. Criteria for the Determination of Electoral Constituencies
- b. House of Representatives and Constitutional Legal Provisions
- c. National Assembly and Constitutional Legal Provisions
- d. Provincial Assembly and Constitutional Legal Provisions
- e. Local Level Assembly (Municipality and Village Municipality) and Constitutional Legal Provisions

7. Legal Provision as to Co-operation, Nominations, By-election and Midterm Election

8. Election Authority

- a. Election Commission (Power, Functions and Duties)
- b. Election/Returning Officer (Powers, Functions and Delegation)
- c. Polling Officer (Powers and Functions)

- d. Election Code of Conduct
- 9. Role of the Political Parties in Election and Code of Conduct
- 10. Election Observations and Implication
- 11. Election and Referendum
- 12. Concept of Reservation in Election System
- 13. Campaign Financing during Elections
- 14. Voting from Abroad

15. Crime and Punishment

- a. Crime and Punishment Relating to Election Offences
- b. Election Tribunals (Jurisdiction and Trial)

Recommended books

- 1. American Electoral Behavior, Michale M. Gant, Norman R. Luttbeg, F.E. Peacock Publishers, Inc.
- 2. Commission for Determining of Electoral Constituencies Act
- 3. Comparative Electoral Process in South Asia, Nepal South Asia Center, 1999
- 4. Corrupt Practices in Election Law, K.C. Sunny, Eastern Book Company, 1996
- 5. Democracy and election laws, Anand Ballabh Kataltiya, Beep & Deep Publication, 2003
- 6. Declaration of Principles for International Election Observation and Code of Conduct for International Election Observers, 2005
- 7. Election (Crime and Punishment) Laws
- 8. Election and Governance in Nepal, Lok Raj Baral (ed.), Manohar, 2005
- 9. Election Code of Conduct
- 10. Election Commission Act and Regulations
- 11. Elections as Popular Culture in Asia, Chau Beng Haut, Routledge (2007)
- 12. Electoral System Design, The New International IDEA Handbook (2005)
- 13. Electoral Management Design, The New International IDEA Handbook (2006)
- 14. Election Commission, Nepal, 1992
- 15. Guy S. Goodwin-Gill, Free and Fair Election, New Expanded Edition (2006)
- 16. General Election in Nepal, 1991
- 17. House of Representative Members Election Act
- 18. National Assembly Election Act
- 19. National Dialogue on Affirmative Action and the electoral System in Nepal, Enabling State Programme, 2005
- 20. Reports of Election Observation Groups (DRCN, GEOC, NEOC, NHRC, INSEC, The Carter Center, The EU)
- 21. Representative Democracy and Concept of Free and Fair Election, Raisa Ali, Deepak & Deep Publication, 1996
- 22. The Constitution of Nepal 2015
- 23. k|hftGq lgjf{rg k|0ffnL / k|ltlglwTj , k|f= 8f= jL/]Gb| k|;fb ld>, g]kfn bLif0f PI;of s]Gb|, @)^)
- 24. ;+3Lo ;+/rgfsf nflu lgjf{rg, dfgj ljsf; tyf zflGt cleofg -x'8]k g]kfn_, @)^^

25. lgjf{rg k|0ffnLsf] k|f?kM cGt/f{li6«o cfOl8OPsf] gofF xft] k':ts cfO8LOP / OP;kL, @))^